



IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Arid Vik Confirmation No: 7002
Appl. No. : 09/787,902
Filed : July 20, 2001
Title : PRODUCTION OF HYDROGEN AND CARBON WITH A
CARBON BLACK CATALYST

TC/A.U. : 1754
Examiner : S. Hendrickson

Docket No.: ARIL3991/REF
Customer No: 23364

REPLY BRIEF UNDER 37 CFR §41.41

Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

This reply brief is responsive to the Examiner's Answer mailed March 29, 2006, and is filed by the initial due date of May 29, 2006.

At the outset, Appellant wishes to note that the pages in the Examiner's Answer appear to be misnumbered. There is no page 2 included. The undersigned attorney tried to review the electronic file wrapper at USPTO.gov, and received the indication that this file is not available. (The undersigned has tried many times in the past to review this file wrapper at the USPTO.gov web site but always receives the error message that the file is not available.)

In any case, the Examiner's Answer seems complete since the sequence of enumerate items in the Examiner's Answer follows consecutively. It has been assumed that the Examiner's Answer is complete even though there is no page number 2." Specifically, item (5) at the bottom of page 1 and item (6) at the top of page 3 seem to follow consecutively. If there is a missing page from the Examiner's

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Answer, it would be appreciated that a copy of the missing page be provided with sufficient time for Appellant to respond to the issue thereon.

On page 4 of the Examiner's Answer, it is stated that the argument that claim 5 requires recycling is not persuasive since it is never stated what is recycled or when. Moreover, it is urged for the first time, that this argument is inconsistent with the attempted amendment submitted after-final in which it was proposed to recite recycling of the gas. However, this is the Examiner's conclusion which is believed to be erroneous. The proposed amendment did not raise a new issue and should have been entered as, at the very least it would have clarified the issues on appeal.

Specifically, claim 5, as originally presented specified that the method of producing hydrogen and carbon was in a **closed** process. This closed process is clearly shown in Figure 1 and described in the specification, see pages 3 and 4. The term "closed" was rejected in the first Official Action as not being understood. This term was replaced with "recycling" to clarify the process in light of the level of one of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains. The plain and ordinary meaning of recycle, as it appears in the Tenth Edition of Webster's collegiate dictionary is, "1: to pass again through a series of changes or treatments . . . "

Accordingly, it is most respectfully submitted that one of ordinary skill in the art would clearly understand from the context of the specification, the term "in a recycling process" simply means that a (retentate) proportion of the material exiting the reaction chamber is fed back in at the other end so that the reactants will undergo many passes through the chamber. This is in complete contrast to the prior art relied on in the rejections which are linear processes where the reactants pass through the chamber only once. The specific contents of the recycled portion, i.e., whether it includes gas, carbon or a mixture thereof is not considered essential to understand this feature although, typically it will be a mixture of mainly gas and some carbon that has not yet reached a trappable size. Clearly claim 5 includes recycling and this claim limitation cannot be ignored.

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In this regard, on rereading the brief, it is noted that the section entitled "Claim 5 is clear and consistent and requires recycling," makes reference to the separate cycle of trapping, crushing and returning carbon to the chamber. This may have caused some confusion and Appellant wishes to make it clear, as would be appreciated by one of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains, that this is not the recycling implied by the term "in a recycling process" in the claim and as would be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains.

The Examiner's Answer states that the rejection with respect to Voet is a 102/103 rejection not a separate 102 rejection followed by a separate 103 rejection. As noted in MPEP Section 2131.03 II, a 35 U.S.C. 102/103 combination rejection is permitted if it is unclear if the reference teaches the range with "sufficient specificity." The examiner must, in this case, provide reasons for anticipation as well as a motivational statement regarding obviousness. It is most respectfully submitted that the separate presentation of the arguments in Appellant's brief meets the issues raised in the combination rejection. The arguments in the section with respect 102 aspect of the rejection meet the anticipation aspect of the combination rejection. The arguments in the brief in the 103 section related to the motivational aspect of the combination rejection. For the reasons of record, the combination rejection should be withdrawn.

Moreover, it is now understood from the Examiner's Answer that the possible "obviousness" aspect of the rejection over Voet has been withdrawn in view of the statement on page 4 of the Examiner's answer that "there is no obviousness" rejection over Voet. Since all of the claim limitations, including the recycling limitation, are not present in Voet, this rejection is untenable and should be withdrawn.

The remaining points and issues raised in the Examiner's Answer are believed to be fully covered in Appellant's brief and are herein incorporated by reference.

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CONCLUSION

In view of the further arguments here present and those set forth in Appellant's brief, none of the rejections of the claims on appeal should be sustained. All of the rejections on appeal should be reversed and the application passed to issue.

Respectfully submitted,

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